

### Solutions for Rumack's Preparation Workbook Language Section: 1.1

1. ANALOGOUS:

The correct answer is (b) comparable. The words 'analogous' and 'comparable' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean similar.

2. LETHARGIC:

The correct answer is (c) lazy. The words 'lethargic' and 'lazy' are both adjectives. In this case, both mean sluggish.

3. PERSPIRE:

The correct answer is (d) sweat. The words 'perspire' and 'sweat' are both verbs. In this case, both mean to exude moisture.

4. OBSERVE:

The correct answer is (e) perceive. The words 'observe' and 'perceive' are both verbs. In this case, both mean to see or watch.

5. WITHER:

The correct answer is (b) decline. The words 'wither' and 'decline' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to diminish.

6. YEARN:

The correct answer is (a) desire. The words 'yearn' and 'desire' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to long for or crave.

7. CARVE:

The correct answer is (b) whittle. The words 'carve' and 'whittle' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to cut, trim, or shape.

8. TREMBLE:

The correct answer is (e) shake. The words 'tremble' and 'shake' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to move or sway with short, quick, vibratory movements.

9. COMPREHEND:

The correct answer is (d) understand. The words 'comprehend' and 'understand' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to grasp with the mind, to perceive.

10. UTILIZE:

The correct answer is (c) use. The words 'utilize' and 'use' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to apply.

11. OFFEND:

The correct answer is (d) displease. The words 'offend' and 'displease' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to irritate, annoy, or anger.

12. MEDDLE:

The correct answer is (b) interfere. The words 'meddle' and 'interfere' are both verbs. In this case, they both mean to involve oneself in a matter without invitation.

13. EPOCH:

The correct answer is (b) era. The words 'epoch' and 'era' are both nouns. In this case, they both mean a period of time marked by distinctive events.

14. INDICTMENT:

The correct answer is (a) incrimination. The words 'indictment' and 'incrimination' are both nouns. In this case, they both mean any charge, accusation or cause for blame.

15. INSINUATION:

The correct answer is (e) implication. The words 'insinuation' and 'implication' are both nouns. In this case, they both mean an indirect suggestion or hint.

16. PARODY:

The correct answer is (c) caricature. The words 'parody' and 'caricature' are both nouns. In this case, they both mean to imitate in a humorous way.

17. FLIPPANT:

The correct answer is (a) frivolous. The words 'flippant' and 'frivolous' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean a lack of seriousness.

18. INCIDENTAL:

The correct answer is (c) minor. The words 'incidental' and 'minor' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean to a lesser extent.

19. SERENE:

The correct answer is (c) tranquil. The words 'serene' and 'tranquil' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean calm or peaceful.

20. SUBLIME:

The correct answer is (c) transcendent. The words 'sublime' and 'transcendent' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean surpassing or exceeding in goodness.

21. ERRATIC:

The correct answer is (b) inconsistent. The words 'erratic' and 'inconsistent' are both adjectives. In this case, both words mean having no certain or definite course.

22. METICULOUS:

The correct answer is (c) fastidious. The words 'meticulous' and 'fastidious' are both adjectives. In this case, both words mean excessively particular.

23. PEDAGOGUE:

The correct answer is (c) instructor. The words 'pedagogue' and 'instructor' are both nouns. In this case, both words mean teacher.

24. MUTABILITY:

The correct answer is (a) instability. The words 'mutability' and 'instability' are both nouns. In this case, both words mean the tendency to change.

25. MAXIM:

The correct answer is (e) adage. The words 'maxim' and 'adage' are both nouns. In this case, both words mean an expression of general truth.

26. LULL:

The correct answer is (c) hiatus. The words 'lull' and 'hiatus' are both nouns. In this case, they both mean a break or interruption in the continuity of work, action, or series.

27. AXIOMATIC:

The correct answer is (b) obvious. The words 'axiomatic' and 'obvious' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean clearly evident.

28. TRUCULENT:

The correct answer is (a) antagonistic. The words 'truculent' and 'antagonistic' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean hostile or unfriendly.

29. DIDACTIC:

The correct answer is (b) instructive. The words 'didactic' and 'instructive' are both adjectives. In this case, both mean intended to teach knowledge.

30. UBIQUITOUS:

The correct answer is (c) pervasive. The words 'ubiquitous' and 'pervasive' are both adjectives. In this case, they both mean being everywhere.